

**UNDER EMBARGO – DO NOT PUBLISH UNTIL:**

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**NIGERIA RANKED 106 OUT OF 126 COUNTRIES ON RULE OF LAW**

*World Justice Project (WJP) Releases 2019 WJP Rule of Law Index*

*For Second Year, More Countries Declined Than Improved in WJP Rule of Law Index*

WASHINGTON, DC (28 February 2019) – The World Justice Project (WJP) today released the *WJP Rule of Law Index*® 2019, an evaluation of rule of law adherence worldwide based on more than 120,000 household and 3,800 expert surveys in 126 countries. Featuring current, original data, the *WJP Rule of Law Index* measures countries' rule of law performance across eight factors: Constraints on Government Powers, Absence of Corruption, Open Government, Fundamental Rights, Order and Security, Regulatory Enforcement, Civil Justice, and Criminal Justice.

Nigeria's overall rule of law score places it at 21 out of 30 countries in the Sub-Saharan Africa region\*, 19 out of 30 among lower middle income\*\* countries, and 106 out of 126 countries and jurisdictions worldwide.

The top three overall performers in the *WJP Rule of Law Index 2019* were Denmark (1), Norway (2), and Finland (3); the bottom three were the Democratic Republic of the Congo (124), Cambodia (125), and Venezuela (126).

Globally, the new *WJP Rule of Law Index* scores show that more countries declined than improved in overall rule of law performance for a second year in a row, continuing a negative slide toward weaker rule of law around the world. In a sign suggesting rising authoritarianism, the factor score for "Constraints on Government Powers" declined in more countries than any other factor worldwide over the last year (61 countries declined, 23 stayed the same, 29 improved).

"This slide in rule of law in general and checks on government powers in particular is deeply concerning," commented Elizabeth Andersen, executive director of the World Justice Project.

Regionally, Sub-Saharan Africa's top performer in the *Index* is Namibia (34<sup>th</sup> out of 126 countries globally), followed by Mauritius and Rwanda. The three countries with the lowest scores in the region were Cameroon, Mauritania, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo (124<sup>th</sup> out of 126 countries globally).

The *WJP Rule of Law Index*® is the world's leading source for original data on the rule of law. The *Index* relies on more than 120,000 household and 3,800 expert surveys to measure how the rule of law is

experienced and perceived in practical, everyday situations by the general public worldwide. Performance is measured using 44 indicators across eight primary rule of law factors, each of which is scored and ranked globally and against regional and income peers: Constraints on Government Powers, Absence of Corruption, Open Government, Fundamental Rights, Order and Security, Regulatory Enforcement, Civil Justice, and Criminal Justice.

“Effective rule of law is the foundation for communities of justice, opportunity, and peace,” said William H. Neukom, WJP founder and CEO. “No country has achieved a perfect realization of the rule of law. The *WJP Rule of Law Index* is intended to be a first step in setting benchmarks, informing reforms, stimulating programs, and deepening appreciation and understanding for the foundational importance of the rule of law.”

The complete 2019 report—including country profiles, data visualizations, methodology, and download options—is available on February 28 at: [www.worldjusticeproject.org/rule-of-law-index](http://www.worldjusticeproject.org/rule-of-law-index)

## **NIGERIA RANKINGS**

*WJP Rule of Law Index 2019 performance (1 is best)*

NIGERIA OVERALL GLOBAL RANK: 106/126

NIGERIA OVERALL REGIONAL RANK\*: 21/30

FACTOR	GLOBAL RANK	REGIONAL RANK*	INCOME RANK**
Constraints on Government Powers	64/126	11/30	8/30
Absence of Corruption	105/126	20/30	20/30
Open Government	91/126	14/30	18/30
Fundamental Rights	99/126	19/30	15/30
Order and Security	125/126	30/30	30/30
Regulatory Enforcement	100/126	18/30	18/30
Civil Justice	79/126	10/30	11/30
Criminal Justice	72/126	12/30	8/30

\*Countries measured in the Sub-Saharan African region: Angola; Benin; Botswana; Burkina Faso; Cameroon; Congo, Dem. Rep.; Cote d'Ivoire; Ethiopia; Ghana; Guinea; Kenya; Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Mali; Mauritania; Mauritius; Mozambique; Namibia; Niger; Nigeria; Rwanda; Senegal; Sierra Leone; South Africa; Tanzania; Togo; Uganda; Zambia; Zimbabwe

\*\*Lower middle income countries: Angola; Bangladesh; Bolivia; Cambodia; Cameroon; Cote d'Ivoire; Egypt; El Salvador; Georgia; Ghana; Honduras; India; Indonesia; Kenya; Kyrgyzstan; Mauritania; Moldova; Mongolia; Morocco; Myanmar; Nicaragua; Nigeria; Pakistan; Philippines; Sri Lanka; Tunisia; Ukraine; Uzbekistan; Vietnam; Zambia

**ABOUT THE WORLD JUSTICE PROJECT:**

The World Justice Project (WJP) is an independent, multidisciplinary organization working to advance the rule of law worldwide. Effective rule of law reduces corruption, combats poverty and disease, and protects people from injustices large and small. It is the foundation for communities of justice, opportunity, and peace—underpinning development, accountable government, and respect for fundamental rights. Learn more at: [www.worldjusticeproject.org](http://www.worldjusticeproject.org)

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